IEUA NSW/ACT PULLOUT POSTER

The facts about NESA compliance:

Are you still doing too much?

To accompany this poster the IEU has developed a sample list of activities which might be happening in your school, are not required by NESA, and which unnecessarily add to teacher workload.

In some instances, we have also provided suggested solutions or alternative work practices which might be adopted to address workload issues.

The common themes across schools include excessive unit evaluations, annotations and/or reflections, excessive detailed annotations for every lesson, and inconsistent standards of program requirements

This sample list can be accessed from our website bit.ly/nesaworkloadlist

Where to from here?

If any of the sample list of activities, identified as excessive, are happening in your school, members are encouraged to commence a professional discussion with principals and school leadership teams in order to address the unnecessary workload issues these activities create.

IEU organisers and professional engagement officers are also available to assist in these professional discussions to ensure workload issues are meaningfully addressed.

Please encourage all your colleagues to join the IEU and be part of the solution in improving workloads and conditions.



"Managing teacher workload one step at a time." Mark Northam

School registration requirements

"Schools should not be creating additional documents solely for the purpose of registration or for NESA inspection.'

"Careful consideration should be given to the purpose of any additional expectations."

IEU members are encouraged to engage in professional conversations at the stage, KLA, or whole school level to establish where the request for additional details is being generated, the purpose of such additional requests and their value and workload implications.

If a change to the planned program is necessary, only a brief annotation on the document is required. Detailed descriptions and a rationale as to why the change was made are not required by NESA.

It is important to remember that the primary

you, the teacher who is actually delivering

professionals it is reasonable to expect they

While teachers must ensure their programs

have a sound knowledge and understanding

audience for your teaching program is

the program. Since those reviewing

the programs would be educational

of professional teaching conventions.

clearly demonstrate the syllabus and

NESA does not require "lesson plans

and descriptions of repetitive and basic

classroom practices." It is a matter for the

teacher as to the level detail they wish to

detailed explanations as to why actions are

being taken, and excessive detail describing

include. The IEU consider lesson steps,

the class activity as repetitive and basic

The routine collection of work

samples is not required. Where NESA

may request to view work samples as

part of an inspection, they should be

readily available from the daily work of

classroom practices.

relevant syllabus requirements are being

met, the increasingly common practice of

developing programs which resemble pre-

service teacher lesson plans is not necessary

Curriculum – school registration requirements

NESA's school registration manuals detail the curriculum documentation and records needed by

chools to demonstrate they are meeting registration requirements

To assist schools, this fact sheet describes and clarifies areas which are commonly raised with the School Registration Unit about recordkeeping needed for school registration purposes.

Curriculum requirements

NESA's school registration manuals (the manuals) describe the evidence of compliance that is needed to demonstrate delivery of a school's curriculum in accordance with the Education Act 1990.

NSW Education Standards Authority

There is a manual for each school sector

- government schools
- individual non-government schools systemic non-government schools
- Schools that deliver courses for the Record of School Achievement (RoSA) and/or the Higher School Certificate (HSC), must also follow **NESA's Assessment Certification Examination**

The manuals describe the curriculum documentation required to demonstrate that NESA syllabuses are being taught.

This documentation should typically exist in a school. Schools should not be creating additional documents solely for the purpose of registration or a NESA inspection.

School or school system expectations

(ACE website) rules

Schools are responsible for ensuring processes are in place to implement NESA's curriculum and policies

A school or schooling system may have expectations in addition to the evidence of compliance described in the manual. Careful consideration should be given to the purpose of any additional expectations.

Paper or digital records

It is a matter for the school and/or teachers to determine whether curriculum documentation is maintained as paper or digital records

NSW

NESA does not typically require schools to print documents for an inspection Documentation and records may be presented in whichever format the school holds the records.

Aligning curriculum documentation

NESA's manuals refer to schools demonstrating evidence of alignment between NESA's syllabuses and the school's curriculum documentation

This means that the various elements of curriculum documentation align with each other and reflect the relevant syllabus. For example, units of work (title, sequence duration) correlate with those in the scope and sequence and assessment plan.

This does not mean that teachers cannot change the sequence of unit delivery or duration of time allocated to a unit of work Adjusting curriculum delivery in response to student needs is good practice. Teachers have the flexibility to decide how such adjustments are made and recorded. Brief electronic or handwritten annotations on the scope and sequence or noting the change through program registration are both valid ways of recording such changes.

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Programming

Teachers include information in their programs to indicate the syllabus content they plan to teach and how they intend to

A teaching program typically details syllabus outcomes, syllabus content and teaching strategies. Teachers may choose to include other information in a teaching program such as assessment or they may choose to record

The amount of depth and detail included in a teaching program is a matter for the teacher.

Teachers should ensure that the teaching program clearly demonstrates that the syllabus is being delivered and any relevant syllabus requirements are met. Lesson plans and descriptions of repetitive and basic classroom practices are not required for school registration purposes

Schools may require additional elements to be included in teaching programs. However, these should be carefully considered so they are not an unnecessary burden for teachers.

Student work samples

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Student work samples are the natural artefact of implementing the school's planned

For school registration purposes, NESA does not require student work samples to be routinely collected and kept by teachers.

During an inspection (including when a school is selected at random), an Inspector may request a few samples of student work that demonstrate implementation of the curriculum. The samples should be those available on a day-to-day basis and may include anything relevant to delivery of the teaching program that a teacher can readily access if required. Examples include current student workbooks, completed tasks, activities or displays on a classroom wall.

Schools sometimes collect work samples for collaborative conversations such as grading. This is not a registration requirement and is a decision and matter for schools

Schools offering courses for the RoSA must maintain a small number of work samples for grade moderation purposes. This only applies to Year 10 and Year 11 courses. The NESA website outlines requirements for retaining work samples for RoSA. These will not be requested as part of a NESA inspection for registration purposes

Example of documentation requested at a NESA inspection

If curriculum documentation is being reviewed as part of an inspection, an Inspector will contact the school in advance to identify and clarify the specific materials to be provided

For an existing school, an Inspector will typically ask to see curriculum documentation for one or 2 subjects from one Stage of NESA syllabuses.

Below is an example of what may be requested for a primary school being inspected in Term 2 with Stage 3 English identified as the focus key learning area:

- scope and sequence for the Stage
- Term 1 teaching program or unit(s) of work assessment plan for the year
- 3 samples of student work to demonstrate delivery of the teaching program.

provides a record of how the school delivers the English syllabus and allows an Inspector to assess curriculum alignment.

Further advice

For more information about school registration or inspection processes, please contact the School Registration Unit on schoolrego@nesa.nsw.edu.au.

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NSW

indicates a program was delivered without

Program registration enables teachers to

the planned program following

across the Year or Stage.

Teacher evaluation

concisely record any significant changes to

implementation, and how these changes may

require future adjustments in syllabus delivery

It can be useful for a teacher to personally

determine if they would like to make changes

evaluate their teaching programs and consider the scope and sequence. This helps

to the way a program is delivered in the

future. The focus of the evaluation is how

effective the unit was in achieving its

objectives and ways that the teaching

NESA has no requirement about how

required. These are all matters for the

Teachers and/or schools may choose to

combine program registration and evaluation

into a single process. It may depend on the

length of a unit being delivered as part of a

If the same program is delivered to multiple

classes in a calendar year, it may be

own copy of the program.

curriculum@nesa.nsw.edu.au

appropriate for teachers to register and

evaluate on a single program rather than

each teacher register and evaluate on their

deacher and/or school to determine

program could be improved when taught

evaluation is completed or how much detail is

Curriculum – programming and record keeping

Evidence of compliance in the manuals does not include teacher evaluation and reflection. teaching program registration and curriculum differentiation

It is a matter for teachers and schools to determine the method for recording teacher reflection and evaluation, teaching program registration and curriculum differentiation, and how often that is conducted.

Differentiation -

adjustments

any differentiation

need only be brief

statements in the

For example, in an activity where the

class is exploring

and two students,

numbers to 20

Cameron and

Sadhika, have an

appropriate wording

adjustment, an

to acknowledge

the delivery of this

program could be

S|-numbers to 10

using counters."

differentiation in the

as simple as "CV and

This fact sheet

self-explanatory.

Members should

word and smile.

read this, spread the

statement is

program. They

do not require commentary.

> Teachers will implement various methods for recording differentiation in their programs such as brief statements to indicate wha changed since planning commenced. There is no expectation that a teacher writes comments regarding each aspect of each lesson or for each teaching strategy.

Teachers will develop programs inclusive of outcomes based on the most appropriate curriculum options selected for a student(s) with disability during the collaborative curriculum planning process. If a student(s) with disability requires adjustments to teaching, learning and/or assessment this should be reflected in the program.

Teaching program registration

Program registration certifies that a teacher delivered their program based on NSW syllabuses.

NESA does not have a requirement related to the method or how often a program is

Where there is no change to the original plan, a simple record of date of completion

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Effective evaluation is an important professional responsibility. It does not follow

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Schools and systems are encouraged to carefully consider the need for daily or weekly administrative tasks.

School-based assessment

Reflection and evaluation should not be a

relation to each teaching and learning

strategy delivered to the class. Rather, it

should indicate whether the program was

delivered in the scheduled timeframe and

effectively next time.

at the conclusion of the unit.

briefly state how the unit may be taught more

Some teachers and schools may choose to

delivered, while others may prefer evaluating

conduct ongoing evaluation as a unit is

Assessment naturally occurs when teachers deliver their programs. It may be as informal as an observation of the class or a scheduled activity and the teacher determines individual student progress. Formal assessment should be documented and align to the program but does not need to be integrated into programming materials. Teachers and schools may choose how they record and retain student achievement results.

School considerations

NESA encourages all schools and schooling systems to carefully consider any programming requirements placed on teachers including mandating daily or weekly evaluation and registration, and other activities related to programming.

Further advice

For more information about curriculum and school-based assessment, please contact the Curriculum Standards team at NESA on curriculum@nesa.nsw.edu.au.

If you continue to experience workload issues related to programming, contact your organisers.

For more information visit https://bit.ly/nesafactsheet2023 that this reflection needs to be a written document for an external audience. NESA only require brief comment to indicate where the planned program was

The IEU has stressed that annotations in programs are not required unless there are changes.

Hear our professional voice

The IEU has argued for some time that the professional voice of teachers needs to be heard to genuinely address workload issues in schools.

The requirements set out in the NESA Fact Sheets are not minimum requirements. They identify the actions required of teachers to appropriately meet their professional obligations.

Where an individual, school, or system is requesting additional requirements to those NESA has outlined, the IEU strongly suggests a professional discussion should take place to determine the evidence basis for such a request and the workload implications.

Where there are issues with an individual teacher this is best dealt with as a performance management issue, not by implementing whole school processes which undermine professional teacher judgement.

What NESA actually requests for compliance

- Timetables for each year/class showing the allocation of time and teachers
- The scope and sequence of learning/units of work in relation to outcomes of the NESA syllabus for each KLA for each year.
- An assessment plan indicating how students' performance in each KLA is assessed, monitored and recorded.
- An overview of the process for reporting student achievement.
- For relevant schools, assessment policies and procedures for the RoSA and wHSC which comply with the requirements on the ACE website.

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